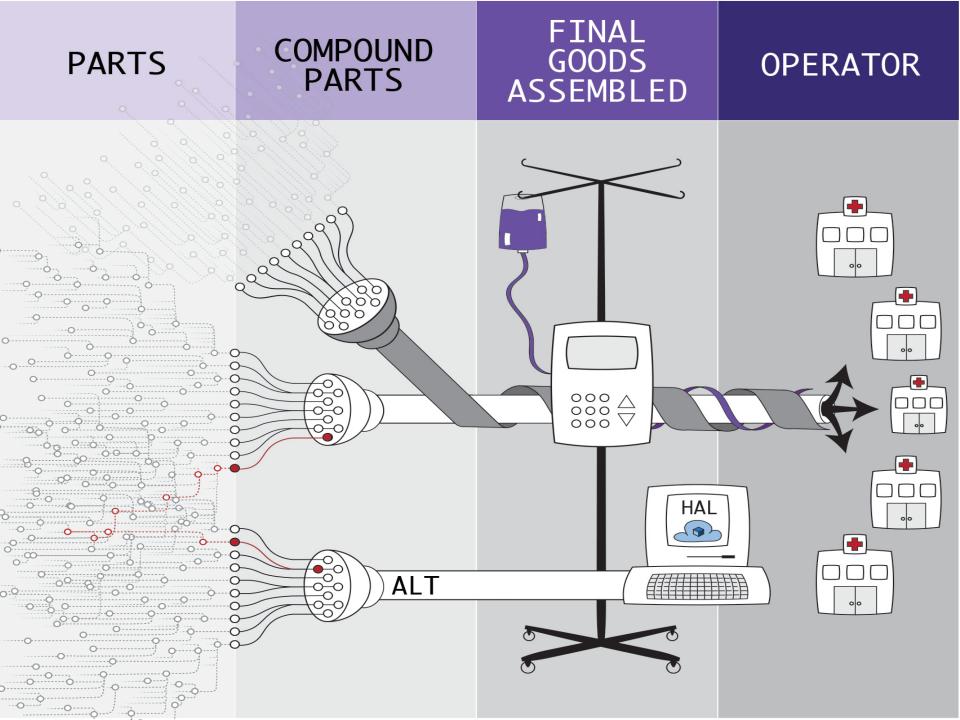
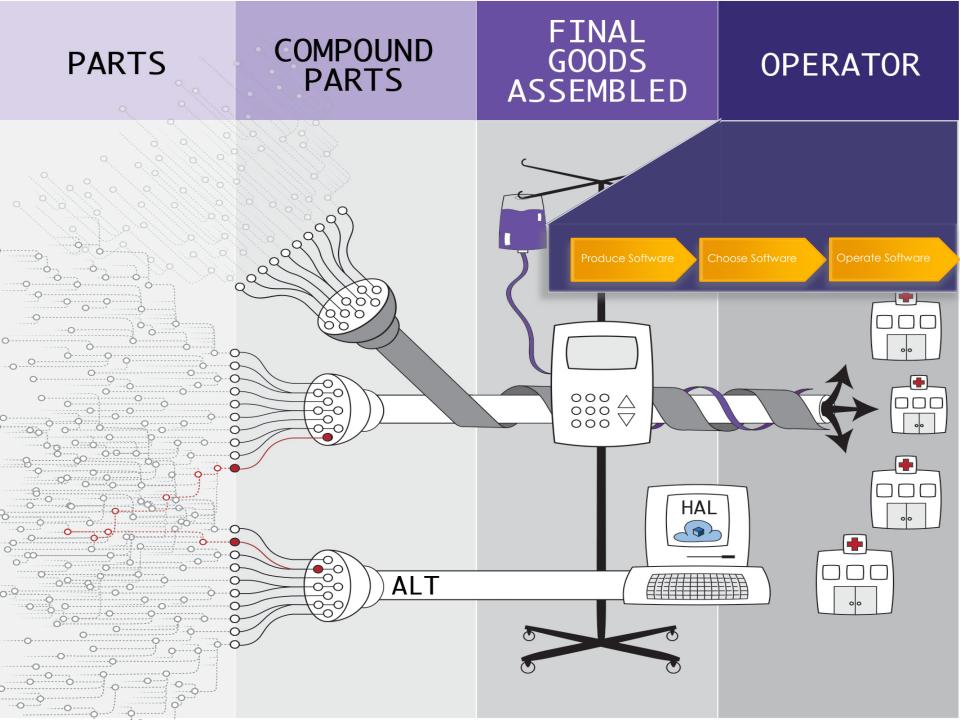
Software Bill of Materials

Practices & Use Cases Working Group

NTIA Software Transparency
Joshua Corman, Charlie Hart, Ben Ransford

June 27, 2019





Software Supply Chain Roles / SBOM Benefits

Produce Software

Less unplanned maintenance work

Reduce code bloat / streamline component choice

Understand component and code dependencies
Know and comply with licensing

Monitoring/reviewing for vulnerability

Awareness of component EOL, orphan, etc.

Streamlined code review Streamline release/

production

Enable black- and whitelists

SBOM and transparency for customers

Choose Software

Identify vulnerable components

Targeted security analysis

Verify sourcing

Compliance with policies

Awareness of component EOL, orphan, etc.

Integrate with asset, compliance, ERT systems

Audit and verify supplier claims

Show best practices by supplier

Operate Software

Easily ID vulnerabilities

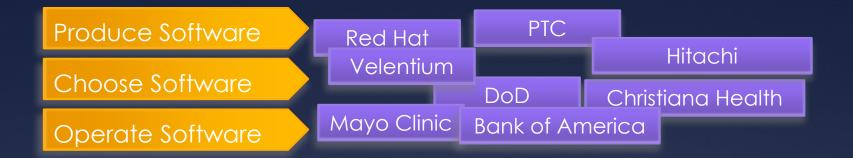
Drive independent mitigations

Better risk analysis - "Roadmap for the defender"

Awareness of component EOL, orphan, etc.

Streamline administration

Interviews: What's the State of Practice?



Live interviews to find out **how people use** SBOM, what **works**, & what are **stumbling blocks**



Less mature:

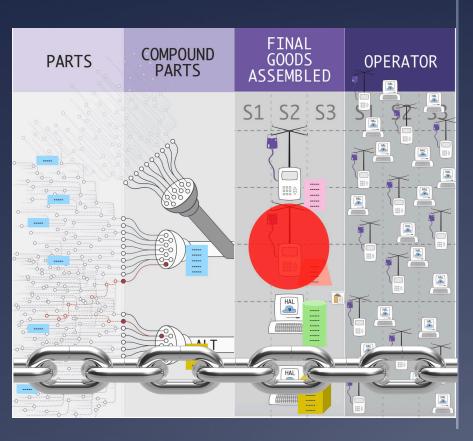
No SBOM penetration No tooling, no readiness SBOM not a factor in selection "Our vendors are clueless!" "SBOM is QA's problem!" "Vetting is too much work!"

More mature:

Consistent SBOM Everywhere
Mature tooling
SBOM contract language
"We can respond to incidents."
"Let's phase out EoL assets."
"SBOM is a forcing function."



Next (1 of 2): System-Wide / Full Chain Patient Health vs Public Health



- * Network Effects
- * Population Impact Analysis
- * Faster Vulnerability Visibility
- * Market Incentives
- * Supplier Darwinism
- "Out-of-Business Proof"

Next (2 of 2) : Advanced / High Assurance Advanced High Assurance DoD



- * Provenance
- * Pedigree
- * Integrity
- * "Deliver Uncompromised"

