Thai financial statements were usable.² Therefore, Commerce selected Thailand as the primary surrogate country, consistent with section 773(c) of the Act of 1930, as amended (the Act) and used the Thai SV data as the basis for its dumping analysis.³

Shanghai Wells challenged the *Final Results*, and, on March 2, 2017, the CIT remanded that determination to Commerce, questioning Commerce's decision to rely on "usable" Thai financial statements based on a preference to "stay within the primary surrogate country," because Commerce must first "evaluate the available data {sources}, which includes an acknowledgement that on this record a reasonable mind would not select the Thai financial statements as better than the Philippine {financial} statements." 4

On June 7, 2017, Commerce issued the *First Redetermination Results*,⁵ continuing to select Thailand as the primary surrogate country and to value all FOPs with data from the primary surrogate country, in accordance with the established regulatory preference.⁶

On February 7, 2020, the CIT granted Commerce's request for a voluntary remand in order to further examine concerns raised by the CIT and the parties to this litigation.⁷ In the Second Redetermination Results, Commerce determined that the Philippine financial statements on the record were the best available information for valuing the financial FOPs and recalculated the weighted-average dumping margin for Shanghai Wells.⁸ On June 11, 2020, the CIT sustained Commerce's Second Redetermination Results.⁹

Timken Notice

In its decision in *Timken*,¹⁰ as clarified by *Diamond Sawblades*,¹¹ the

⁴ See Shanghai Wells Hanger Co. v. United States, 211 F. Supp. 3d 1377, 1381 (CIT 2017).

⁵ See Final Results of Redetermination Pursuant to Court Remand in Shanghai Wells Co., Ltd. v. United States, Consol. Court No. 15–00103, CIT Slip Op. 17–24, dated June 7, 2017 (First Redetermination Results).

⁶ See 19 CFR 351.408(c)(2); see also First Redetermination Results at 2, 4–12.

⁷ See Shanghai Wells Co., Ltd. v. United States, Consol. Court No. 15–00103, Order (CIT, February 7, 2020).

⁸ See Final Results of Redetermination Pursuant to Court Remand in Shanghai Wells Co., Ltd. v. United States, Consol. Court No. 15–00103 (Second Redetermination Results).

⁹ See Shanghai Wells Co., Ltd. et al. v. United States, Consol. Court No. 15–00103, Slip Op 20–82 (CIT, June 11, 2020).

¹¹ See Diamond Sawblades Mfrs. Coalition v. United States, 626 F.3d 1374 (Fed. Cir. 2010) (Diamond Sawblades).

Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit held that, pursuant to section 516A of the Act, Commerce must publish notice of a court decision that is not "in harmony" with a Commerce determination and must suspend liquidation of entries pending a "conclusive" court decision.¹² The CIT's June 11, 2020 judgment sustaining the Second Redetermination Results constitutes a final decision of the CIT that is not in harmony with Commerce's Final Results. This notice is published in fulfillment of the publication requirements of *Timken* and section 516A of the Act.

Amended Final Results of Review

Because there is now a final CIT decision, Commerce is amending its *Final Results* with respect to Shanghai Wells for the POR as follows:

| Exporter | Weighted- average dumping margin (percent) |
|--|--|
| Shanghai Wells Hanger Co., Ltd. ¹³ | 2.26 |

Assessment Instructions

In the event the CIT's ruling is not appealed or, if appealed, upheld by a final and conclusive court decision, Commerce intends to instruct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to assess antidumping duties on unliquidated entries of subject merchandise exported by Śhanghai Wells in accordance with 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1). Commerce will calculate importer-specific ad valorem assessment rates on the basis of the ratio of the total amount of dumping calculated for each importer's examined sales and the total entered value of those sales, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1). We will instruct CBP to assess antidumping duties on all appropriate entries covered by this review when the importer-specific ad valorem assessment rate calculated is not zero or *de minimis*. Where an importer-specific ad valorem assessment rate is zero or de minimis,14 we will instruct CBP to liquidate the appropriate entries without regard to antidumping duties.

Pursuant to Commerce's assessment practice, for entries that were not reported in the U.S. sales data submitted

Hanger Co., Ltd., and Hong Kong Wells Ltd. See Final Results, 80 FR at 13333. ¹⁴ See 19 CFR 351.106(c)(2). by Shanghai Wells during this review, Commerce will instruct CBP to liquidate such entries at the China-wide entity rate.¹⁵

Cash Deposit Requirements

The cash deposit rate for Shanghai Wells has been superseded by cash deposit rates calculated in intervening administrative reviews of the antidumping duty order on steel wire garment hangers from China. Thus, we will not alter Shanghai Wells' cash deposit rate as a result of these amended final results of review.

Notification to Interested Parties

This notice is issued and published in accordance with sections 516A(e), 751(a)(1), and 777(i)(1) of the Act.

Dated: June 19, 2020.

Jeffrey I. Kessler,

Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance. [FR Doc. 2020–13814 Filed 6–25–20; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Telecommunications and Information Administration

Commerce Spectrum Management Advisory Committee Meeting

AGENCY: National Telecommunications and Information Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce. **ACTION:** Notice of open meeting.

SUMMARY: This notice announces a public meeting of the Commerce Spectrum Management Advisory Committee (Committee). The Committee provides advice to the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Communications and Information and the National Telecommunications and Information Administration (NTIA) on spectrum management policy matters. DATES: The meeting will be held July 30, 2020, from 1:00 p.m. to 4:00 p.m., Eastern Daylight Time (EDT).

ADDRESSES: This meeting will be conducted in an electronic format and open to the public via audio teleconference (866–652–3435 participant code 28570198). Public comments may be emailed to *dreed@ ntia.gov* or mailed to Commerce Spectrum Management Advisory Committee, National Telecommunications and Information Administration, 1401 Constitution

² See Final Results, and accompanying IDM at Comments 2 and 3.

з Id.

 $^{^{10}}$ See Timken Co. v United States, 893 F.2d 337 (Fed. Cir. 1990) (Timken).

¹² See section 516A(c) and (e) of the Act. ¹³ Shanghai Wells consists of Shanghai Wells

¹⁵ See Non-Market Economy Antidumping Proceedings: Assessment of Antidumping Duties, 76 FR 65694 (October 24, 2011).

Avenue NW, Room 4600, Washington, DC 20230.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

David J. Reed, Designated Federal Officer, at (202) 482–5955 or *dreed*@ *ntia.gov;* and/or visit NTIA's website at *https://www.ntia.gov/category/csmac.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background: The Committee provides advice to the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Communications and Information on needed reforms to domestic spectrum policies and management in order to: License radio frequencies in a way that maximizes public benefits; keep wireless networks as open to innovation as possible; and make wireless services available to all Americans. *See* Charter at *https:// www.ntia.doc.gov/files/ntia/ publications/csmac_charter_ 10.1.19.pdf.*

This Committee is subject to the Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA), 5 U.S.C. App. 2, and is consistent with the National Telecommunications and Information Administration Act, 47 U.S.C. 904(b). The Committee functions solely as an advisory body in compliance with the FACA. For more information about the Committee visit: http://www.ntia.gov/ category/csmac.

Matters To Be Considered: The Committee provides advice to the Assistant Secretary to assist in developing and maintaining spectrum management policies that enable the United States to maintain or strengthen its global leadership role in the introduction of communications technology, services, and innovation; thus expanding the economy, adding jobs, and increasing international trade, while at the same time providing for the expansion of existing technologies and supporting the country's homeland security, national defense, and other critical needs of government missions. NTIA will post a detailed agenda on its website, http://www.ntia.gov/category/ csmac, prior to the meeting. To the extent that the meeting time and agenda permit, any member of the public may address the Committee regarding the agenda items. See Open Meeting and Public Participation Policy, available at http://www.ntia.gov/categorv/csmac.

Time and Date: The meeting will be held on July 30, 2020, from 1:00 p.m. to 4:00 p.m. EDT. The meeting time and the agenda topics are subject to change. Please refer to NTIA's website, *http:// www.ntia.gov/category/csmac,* for the most up-to-date meeting agenda and access information.

Place: This meeting will be conducted in an electronic format and open to the

public via audio teleconference. Individuals requiring accommodations are asked to notify Mr. Reed at (202) 482–5955 or *dreed@ntia.gov* at least ten (10) business days before the meeting.

Status: Interested parties are invited to join the teleconference and to submit written comments to the Committee at any time before or after the meeting. Parties wishing to submit written comments for consideration by the Committee in advance of the meeting are strongly encouraged to submit their comments in Microsoft Word and/or PDF format via electronic mail to dreed@ntia.gov. Comments may also be sent via postal mail to Commerce Spectrum Management Advisory Committee, National **Telecommunications and Information** Administration, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Room 4600, Washington, DC 20230. It would be helpful if paper submissions also include a compact disc (CD) that contains the comments in one or both of the file formats specified above. CDs should be labeled with the name and organizational affiliation of the filer. Comments must be received five (5) business days before the scheduled meeting date in order to provide sufficient time for review. Comments received after this date will be distributed to the Committee, but may not be reviewed prior to the meeting. Additionally, please note that there may be a delay in the distribution of comments submitted via postal mail to Committee members.

Records: NTIA maintains records of all Committee proceedings. Committee records are available for public inspection at NTIA's Washington, DC office at the address above. Documents including the Committee's charter, member list, agendas, minutes, and reports are available on NTIA's website at *http://www.ntia.gov/category/csmac.*

Dated: June 23, 2020.

Kathy Smith,

Chief Counsel, National Telecommunications and Information Administration. [FR Doc. 2020–13799 Filed 6–25–20; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-60-P

COMMITTEE FOR PURCHASE FROM PEOPLE WHO ARE BLIND OR SEVERELY DISABLED

Procurement List; Additions and Deletions

AGENCY: Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled.

ACTION: Additions to and deletions from the Procurement List.

SUMMARY: This action adds products and services to the Procurement List that will be furnished by nonprofit agencies employing persons who are blind or have other severe disabilities, and deletes products and services from the Procurement List previously furnished by such agencies.

DATES: Date added to and deleted from the Procurement List: July 26, 2020. ADDRESSES: Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled, 1401 S Clark Street, Suite 715, Arlington, Virginia, 22202–4149.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Michael R. Jurkowski, Telephone: (703) 603–2117, Fax: (703) 603–0655, or email *CMTEFedReg@AbilityOne.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Additions

On 11/22/2019, 5/15/2020 and 5/22/ 2020, the Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled published notice of proposed additions to the Procurement List. This notice is published pursuant to 41 U.S.C. 8503 (a)(2) and 41 CFR 51–2.3.

After consideration of the material presented to it concerning capability of qualified nonprofit agencies to provide the products and services and impact of the additions on the current or most recent contractors, the Committee has determined that the products and services listed below are suitable for procurement by the Federal Government under 41 U.S.C. 8501–8506 and 41 CFR 51–2.4.

Regulatory Flexibility Act Certification

I certify that the following action will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities. The major factors considered for this certification were:

1. The action will not result in any additional reporting, recordkeeping or other compliance requirements for small entities other than the small organizations that will furnish the products and services to the Government.

2. The action will result in authorizing small entities to furnish the products and services to the Government.

3. There are no known regulatory alternatives which would accomplish the objectives of the Javits-Wagner-O'Day Act (41 U.S.C. 8501–8506) in connection with the products and services proposed for addition to the Procurement List.

End of Certification

Accordingly, the following products and services are added to the Procurement List: